- (b) Initial determination. If the Commission makes an initial determination that a candidate may not receive matching funds for one or more of the reasons indicated in 11 CFR 9033.10(a), the Commission will notify the candidate of its initial determination. The notification will give the legal and factual reasons for the determination and advise the candidate of the evidence on which the Commission's initial determination is based. The candidate will be given an opportunity to comply with the requirements at issue or to submit, within the time provided by the relevant section as referred to in 11 CFR 9033.10(a), written legal or factual materials to demonstrate that the candidate has satisfied those requirements. Such materials may be submitted by counsel if the candidate so desires.
- (c) Final determination. The Commission will consider any written legal or factual materials timely submitted by the candidate before making its final determination. A final determination that the candidate has failed to satisfy the requirements at issue will be accompanied by a written statement of reasons for the Commission's action. This statement will explain the legal and factual reasons underlying the Commission's determination and will summarize the results of any investigation upon which the determination is based.
- (d) Effect on other determinations. If the Commission makes an initial determination under this section, but decides to take no further action at that time, the Commission may use the legal and factual bases on which the initial determination was based in any future repayment determination under 11 CFR part 9038 or 9039. A determination by the Commission under this section may be independent of any Commission decision to institute an enforcement proceeding under 2 U.S.C. 437g.
- (e) Petitions for rehearing. Following a final determination under this section, the candidate may file a petition for rehearing in accordance with 11 CFR 9038.5(a).

§ 9033.11 Documentation of disbursements.

- (a) Burden of proof. Each candidate shall have the burden of proving that disbursements made by the candidate or his or her authorized committee(s) or persons authorized to make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or authorized committee(s) are qualified campaign expenses as defined in 11 CFR 9032.9. The candidate and his or her authorized committee(s) shall obtain and furnish to the Commission on request any evidence regarding qualified campaign expenses made by the candidate, his or her authorized committees and agents or persons authorized to make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or committee(s) as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Documentation required. (1) For disbursements in excess of \$200 to a payee, the candidate shall present a canceled check negotiated by the payee and either:
- (i) A receipted bill from the payee that states the purpose of the disbursement; or
- (ii) If such a receipt is not available, (A) One of the following documents generated by the payee: a bill, invoice, or voucher that states the purpose of the disbursement; or
- (B) Where the documents specified in paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) of this section are not available, a voucher or contemporaneous memorandum from the candidate or the committee that states the purpose of the disbursement; or
- (iii) Where the supporting documentation required in paragraphs (b)(1) (i) or (ii) of this section is not available, the candidate or committee may present collateral evidence to document the qualified campaign expense. Such collateral evidence may include, but is not limited to:
- (A) Evidence demonstrating that the expenditure is part of an identifiable program or project which is otherwise sufficiently documented such as a disbursement which is one of a number of documented disbursements relating to a campaign mailing or to the operation of a campaign office; or
- (B) Evidence that the disbursement is covered by a pre-established written campaign committee policy, such as a daily travel expense policy.

§ 9033.12

- (iv) If the purpose of the disbursement is not stated in the accompanying documentation, it must be indicated on the canceled check negotiated by the payee.
- (2) For all other disbursements, the candidate shall present:
- (i) A record disclosing the full name and mailing address of the payee, the amount, date and purpose of the disbursement, if made from a petty cash fund; or
- (ii) A canceled check negotiated by the payee that states the full name and mailing address of the payee, and the amount, date and purpose of the disbursement.
 - (3) For purposes of this section:
- (i) Payee means the person who provides the goods or services to the candidate or committee in return for the disbursement; except that an individual will be considered a payee under this section if he or she receives \$1000 or less advanced for travel and/or subsistence and if the individual is the recipient of the goods or services purchased.
- (ii) *Purpose* means the full name and mailing address of the payee, the date and amount of the disbursement, and a brief description of the goods or services purchased. Examples of acceptable and unacceptable descriptions of goods and services purchased are listed at 11 CFR 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B).
- (4) The documentation requirements of 11 CFR 102.9(b) shall also apply to disbursements.
- (c) Retention of records. The candidate shall retain records with respect to each disbursement and receipt, including bank records, vouchers, worksheets, receipts, bills and accounts, journals, ledgers, fundraising solicitation material, accounting systems documentation, and any related materials documenting campaign receipts and disbursements, for a period of three years pursuant to 11 CFR 102.9(c), and shall present these records to the Commission on request.
- (d) List of capital and other assets—(1) Capital assets. The candidate or committee shall maintain a list of all capital assets whose purchase price exceeded \$2000 when acquired by the campaign. The list shall include a brief description of each capital asset, the pur-

chase price, the date it was acquired, the method of disposition and the amount received in disposition. For purposes of this section, "capital asset" shall be defined in accordance with 11 CFR 9034.5(c)(1).

(2) Other assets. The candidate or committee shall maintain a list of other assets acquired for use in fundraising or as collateral for campaign loans, if the aggregate value of such assets exceeds \$5000. The list shall include a brief description of each such asset, the fair market value of each asset, the method of disposition and the amount received in disposition. The fair market value of other assets shall be determined in accordance with 11 CFR 9034.5(c)(2).

[60 FR 31881, June 16, 1995, as amended at 64 FR 49363, Sept. 13, 1999; 68 FR 47418, Aug. 8, 2003]

§ 9033.12 Production of computerized information.

- (a) Categories of computerized information to be provided. If the candidate or the candidate's authorized committee maintains or uses computerized information containing any of the categories of data listed in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(9) of this section, the committee shall provide computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic tapes or magnetic diskettes, containing the computerized information at the times specified in 11 CFR 9038.1(b)(1):
- (1) Information required by law to be maintained regarding the committee's receipts or disbursements:
- (2) Records of allocations of expenditures to particular state expenditure limits and to the overall expenditure limit;
- (3) Disbursements for exempt fundraising and exempt compliance costs, including the allocation of salaries and overhead expenditures;
- (4) Records of allocations of expenditures for the purchase of broadcast media:
- (5) Records used to prepare statements of net outstanding campaign obligations;
- (6) Records used to reconcile bank statements;
- (7) Disbursements made and reimbursements received for the cost of